































## Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 10

### Neurological Disorders - page 2

| Disorder   | Mode of Inheritance | Result |
|--|---------------------|--------|
| Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 10, (NCL10); mutation originally found in American Bulldog                                      | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in Alpine Dachsbracke                                      | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in Australian Shepherd                                     | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 8, (NCL8); mutation originally found in English Setter  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, (NCL7); mutation originally found in Chinese Crested Dog and Chihuahua                         | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Polyneuropathy with ocular abnormalities and neuronal vacuolation, (POANV); mutation originally found in Black Russian Terrier | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Progressive Early-Onset Cerebellar Ataxia; mutation originally found in Finnish Hound  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Sensory Neuropathy; mutation originally found in Border Collie   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Spinal Dysraphism  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Spinocerebellar Ataxia with Myokymia and/or Seizures (SCA)   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Spinocerebellar Ataxia/ Late-Onset Ataxia (SCA, LOA)   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Spongy degeneration with cerebellar ataxia, (SDCA1); mutation originally found in Belgian Shepherd Dog                         | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| X-Linked Tremors; mutation originally found in English Springer Spaniel  | X-linked Recessive  | Clear  |

## Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 11

### Neuromuscular Disorders

| Disorder  | Mode of Inheritance                            | Result |
|---|--|--------|
| Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome (CMS); mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever           | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, (CMS); mutation originally found in Jack Russell Terrier        | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome, (CMS); mutation originally found in Old Danish Pointing Dog     | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Episodic Falling, (EF)  | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Exercise-Induced Collapse, (EIC)  | Autosomal Recessive<br>(Incomplete Penetrance) | Clear  |
| GM2 Gangliosidosis, mutation originally found in Japanese Chin                                  | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| GM2 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Toy Poodle                                     | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy or Krabbe Disease, (GLD); mutation originally found in Irish Setter | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy or Krabbe Disease, (GLD); mutation originally found in Terriers     | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |
| Paroxysmal Dyskinesia, (PxD); mutation originally found in Irish Soft Coated Wheaten Terrier    | Autosomal Recessive                            | Clear  |



## Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 12

### Skeletal Disorders

| Disorder  | Mode of Inheritance                        | Result |
|---|--|--------|
| Chondrodysplasia; mutation originally found in Norwegian Elkhound and Karelian Bear Dog   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Cleft Palate; Cleft Lip and Palate with Syndactyly; ADAMTS20 gene mutation originally found in Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Cleft Palate; DLX6 gene mutation originally found in Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Craniomandibular Osteopathy, (CMO); mutation associated with terrier breeds   | Autosomal Dominant (Incomplete Penetrance) | Clear  |
| Hereditary Vitamin D-Resistant Rickets, (HVDRR)   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Osteochondromatosis; mutation originally found in American Staffordshire Terrier  | Autosomal Dominant                         | Clear  |
| Osteogenesis Imperfecta, (OI); mutation originally found in Beagle  | Autosomal Dominant                         | Clear  |
| Osteogenesis Imperfecta, (OI); mutation originally found in Dachshund   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Skeletal Disease; mutation originally found in Karelian Bear Dog  | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Skeletal Dysplasia 2, (SD2)   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Spondylocostal Dysostosis   | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |
| Van den Ende-Gupta Syndrome, (VDEGS)  | Autosomal Recessive                        | Clear  |

## Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 13

### Dermal Disorders

| Disorder   | Mode of Inheritance | Result |
|--|---------------------|--------|
| Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa; mutation originally found in Central Asian Ovcharka                      | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa; mutation originally found in Golden Retriever                            | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Epidermolytic Hyperkeratosis   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Focal Non-Epidermolytic Palmoplantar Keratoderma, (FNEPPK); mutation originally found in Dogue de Bordeaux | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Hereditary Footpad Hyperkeratosis, (HFH)   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Ichthyosis; mutation originally found in American Bulldog  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Ichthyosis; mutation originally found in Great Dane  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Lamellar Ichthyosis, (LI)  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Ligneous Membranitis   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Musladin-Lueke syndrome, (MLS)   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| X-Linked Ectodermal Dysplasia, (XHED)  | X-linked Recessive  | Clear  |

### Pharmacogenetics

| Disorder  | Mode of Inheritance | Result |
|---|---------------------|--------|
| Multi-Drug Resistance 1, (MDR1) or Ivermectin Sensitivity | Autosomal Dominant  | Clear  |

## Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 14

### Other Disorders

| Disorder   | Mode of Inheritance | Result |
|--|---------------------|--------|
| Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome, (ARDS); mutation originally found in Dalmatian          | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Amelogenesis Imperfecta, (AI)  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Congenital Keratoconjunctivitis Sicca and Ichthyosiform Dermatitis, (CKCSID)                 | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Dental Hypomineralization; mutation originally found in Border Collie                        | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Dachshund   | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever                                  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Persistent Müllerian Duct Syndrome, (PMDS); mutation originally found in Miniature Schnauzer | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |
| Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia, (PCD)  | Autosomal Recessive | Clear  |

## APPENDIX

### Explanation of the results of the tested disorders

#### Autosomal recessive inheritance (ARI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - A dog carries one copy of the tested mutation. Carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but pass on the mutation to approximately 50% of their offspring.

At risk - A dog carries two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

#### Autosomal dominant inheritance (ADI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

At risk - A dog carries one or two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

#### X-linked recessive inheritance (X-linked)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - Female carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but carry one copy of the tested mutation on one of their X chromosomes. As males only have one X chromosome, there are no male carriers.

At risk - Female dogs at risk carry two mutated copies of the tested mutation. Males carry one copy of the tested mutation on their single X chromosome. Dogs at risk are at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

Please note that the descriptions above are generalized based on typically observed inheritance patterns. When obtaining a 'carrier' or 'at risk' test result, always refer to the corresponding online test documentation for more detailed information on the condition and any exceptions.

## OPTIMAL SELECTION™ DNA TEST TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Optimal Selection™ Genetic Breeding Analysis is a proprietary process designed and intended to be used on purebred dogs solely to 1) Help quantify the genetic compatibility of potential breeding pairs and 2) To identify specific alleles or DNA mutations that are associated with certain inherited diseases or traits. No other purpose is authorized or permitted. It is not intended to diagnose diseases or predict behavior in any particular dog.

Upon receipt of your dog's DNA sample, Wisdom Health will analyze your dog's DNA to determine chromosomal similarities and differences in the genetic profile of a potential sire and dam and provide a match analysis. Your dog's DNA will also be analyzed for the presence of specific alleles that are associated with inherited conditions identified as occurring in your dog's breed. Wisdom Health's testing procedures are designed to provide reliable and accurate results, but are not guaranteed. By submitting your dog's sample(s) for Optimal Selection™ analysis it is understood that you agree that the sample(s), analysis, results and related information may be used confidentially by Mars in conjunction with other samples to increase the understanding of the breed's genetic structure, as well as for internal, research and development, or statistical purposes and may be shared with third parties for these purposes.

Samples may be disposed of or stored at Wisdom Health's option and will not be returned. Please view the full Mars Privacy Policy here: <http://www.mars.com/global/policies/privacy/pp-english.aspx> It is also understood that future releases of the Optimal Selection™ test may refine results as more information is obtained regarding the breed structure and/or if new genetic markers are included.

Optimal Selection™ genetic assessments for individual dogs and potential mates will be available online to the person(s) who registered the sample. A dog's results, photo and other information may be shared by the owner with other individuals whom they choose or transferred to a new owner if the dog changes ownership. The content of such online services 1) may be altered due to changes, additions, or removals of a dog's information in the Optimal Selection™ database or due to changes in technical or other design of such services and 2) includes information about third parties and other Wisdom Health clients' dogs, which Wisdom Health is not responsible or liable for. Wisdom Health has right to terminate access to online services one year from the purchase date, unless a longer period has been agreed upon.

You agree to Wisdom Health instructions related to ordering process, payment, sampling and sample delivery. You also certify that the animal described in your order is the same animal whose sample is submitted for analysis, and that all information is accurate. You warrant that you are entitled to obtain and supply samples to Wisdom Health.

In the unlikely event that it is not possible to provide an analysis (for example due to an insufficient DNA sample) or that an error in the analysis occurs, liability by Wisdom Health or related companies and individuals is disclaimed and damages in any event are limited to the payment actually received by Wisdom Health for the specified analysis at issue. Wisdom Health's study of the complexities of the canine genome is ongoing with the goal of continuing to provide the most advanced and complete analysis possible.

Wisdom Health reserves the right to use any third party of its choice to undertake the testing, analysis or laboratory services for the analysis.